Air. Goff found time last evening in the midst of his numerous engagements at meetings to visit the fair at St. Gabriel's Church in East Thirty-eventh-st. He was accompanied by a tew intimate friends, and was cordially welcomed by Monsignor Farier, the pastor of the church, and was conducted through the hall, manifesting much interest in the preparations which the Sieters had made for successfully carrying out the objects of the fair. Mr. Goff was soon surrounded by maddens anxious to record his name in their little books. He thought that if the voters next Tuesday were half so determined to get his name on their tickets that his success was more than assured.

FASSETT ATTACKS GRANT.

A STRONG SPEECH BY THE SENATOR.

THE MAYOR'S FALSE ASSERTIONS ABOUT TAXES VIGOROUSLY DENOUNCED-THE LOCAL LEGUES CLEARLY EXPLAINED.

State Senator J. Sleat Fassett made a strong speech against Tammany Hall last night before a large meeting of the Regular Republican Association of the XIIIth Assembly District at the Grand Opera House Hall, Twenty-third-et. and Eighth-ave. Ex-Assembly-Andrew J. Campbell presided. Senator Fassett was received with cheers as the next Governor of the

He spoke in part as follows: I had supposed until recently that the paramount issue before the people of the city of New-York this fall, in fact, the only issue; was whether they would say longer submit to the grainous rule of Tammany Hall or not; whether they would vote to be governed by a dishonest Democratical in place by the cohesive power of public blunder, or by an hencest Democrat called to office through the righteous ndignation of citizens awakened at last to the gravity of situation; whether H. J. Grant, who has given you vernment, or Francis M. Scott, who will give bad government, or Francis M. Scott, who will give you good government, should be the next Mayor of this great oity. I am convinced that either I have been in error or that it is not upon this issue that Tanmany Hall desires to make its tase before she people. They seem to be unwilling to meet the question of Tammany or anti-Tammany face to face. They have much to say about the census and nothing to say about the County Clerk's office. They have much to offer concerning the World's Fair, but the Burgister's office. They are eloquent bout rapid transit, but fail to tell you how it was defested. (Applause.) They speak of new pavements, but are dumb about the flithy streets. They lie most carnestly about the reduced taxation, but are stient with reference to the indicted Excise Department. (Cheers.) They denounce with bitterness the superintendent of the Federal Census and the Republican Legislature of the State of New-Fork, but they have no words of censure for the infamy of the sworn public official who pocketed \$21,000 of illegal fees feloniously exterted and then "Godfathered" \$10,000 of the same to the man who had made him bherin, s10,000 of the same to the man who had made had had had had have have nothing but rewards for the District-Attorney who, after he had had his attention officially called to this condition of things, failed to bring the matter to the attention of the Grand Jury. (Cheers.) All this is very wise of Tammany, for it is only by perauading the people to look at something else than the record of Tammany Hail and the record of Tammany andidates and the record of the recent administration of that there is any hope for the auccess of the nmany ticket in this campaign. Senator Fassett charged that the Democratic papers

of this city set people against the enumerators of the Federal census, by advising them not to answer certain questions as to property and indebtedness, which questions were introduced in the Census bill by the late Congressman S. S. Cox, of this city, a Democrat. But the population of this city was fluctuating in nature, and to-day when Mr. Grant took his census, the partisan police, made partisan by Grant, counted all the tenement-house repeaters who had moved in for election times. "But," said Sentor Fassett, "three times Federal officials have flicially informed the Mayor of the city how he might ecure a recount, and three times he has ignored dvice, so that if New-York City fails of its remedy it has but one man to thank, and that is the Hon. H. J. Grant. (Applause.)

Mr. Fassett next showed that the Republicans in the

Legislature did not prevent the World's Fair from comsetting control of it, while the Democratic Congress men from the South and Southwest aided Western Con-greesmen in placing the fair in Chicago. "It is a singuiar fact," added the Senator, "that Tummany did not think to put the two-thirds vote provision into the original draft of the bill, which made the General Committee a non-partisan body."

On the question of rapid transit, Mr. Fassett said, peaking of his bill :

I charge distinctly that the best measure ever introduced into the Legislature for the solution of the Rapid Transit soblem was deliberately killed in the Assembly through the active intervention of Mayor Grant and his representa-Senator Passett named Edward Murphy, Ir., and Po-

this and added:

And because a Republican Legislature was unwilling to place further appointing power, without limitations, in the hards of Hugh J. Grant, who had abused that power whenever he had exercised it, the power of Tammany Hall, the power of the Democratic State Committee and the power of the Democratic Governor of this State were all brought to bear to defeat the require which promised relief to the city of New-York. (Cheers.)

In closing Senator Fassett fired this shot at Tam many's taxation scheme:

Coming down to the one great issue, we find the Mayor falsely asserting that under his administration taxes have been reduced. The fact is that, although over \$2,500,000 been reduced. The fact is that, although over \$2,500,000 which ought to have gone into the levy, and which hereafter must go into the levy, was not placed therein, and al-though the valuation of assessable property in this city was raised in the last year \$93,000,000, still the tax rate last year was two points higher than the year previous, and the expenses of the city government were never so great in ali-its history. The actual amount of taxes raised by multiplying the tax rate and the assessed valuation exceeded the amount of the year before by over \$1,500,000. (Cheers.) Henry L. Sprugue, William Wade, James A. Cowle and others spoke. Resolutions were adopted indorsing

the union ticket and denouncing Tammany Hall.

ROUSING MEETING IN THE XITH DISTRICT. A meeting under the auspices of the Business Men's Republican organization of the XIth Assembly District was held at No. 143 West Thirty-second-st. las night. The meeting was called to inderse the People's ticket. About 700 people were present. J. Noble Hayes, of the Municipal League, said that the taxes in several wards in which the poor were compelled to live had been increased to an unreasonable extent in the last year. Walter Logan then made a brief speech, followed by Charles W. Anderson and by the Rev. W. B. Derrick, both colored, who held the attention of their audience during effective speeches, in which they advocated the People's licket in the strongest terms. A meeting of the organization will be held at No. 510 Sixth-ave. to-night.

FOR A BIG WEST SIDE MASS-MEETING.

There will be a Republican and Municipal Lengue anti-Tammany mass-meeting at 8 o'clock to-night, in embly Rooms, Nos. 334 to 344 West Forty fourth-st. Francis M. Scott, William H. Corsa, Pro fessor Felix Adler, Charles A. Flammer, Robert Miller, James E. Coulter and many others will deliver addresses. The hall will hold 3,000 persons. The attendance of all voters on the West Side who wish to assist in defeating Tammany is urgently requested. Seats will be reserved for women.

A DEMOCRATIC ATTACK ON JUDGE LACOMBE. A charge made by Democrats yesterday was that Judge E. Henry Lacombe, while Corporation Counsel in 1885-'86, under Mayor Grace, "allowed his assistants to take references and Conduct cases at private practice in the time for which they were paid by the city. To this assertion Judge Lacombe replied to a Tribune reporter as follows: "Of course my assistants took references, and so on, but they never allowed them to interfere with their official duties. I cannot see any harm in that.

COLONEL VARNUM OUT AGAIN.

Colonel James M. Varnum, one of the Union candi-tes for Judge of the Superior Court, who has been nable to take any active part in his campaign on ascount of severe illness, was out yesterday for the first time in many days. He called at the head-quarters of the Republican County Executive Committee and was warmly received by the committee members who were present.

A WARRANT FOR A REGISTRY OFFICER.

A warrent was issued by United States Commissioner Issae Elimaine, of Jersey City, yesterday, for the arrest of James McMahon on a charge of faisifying the registry. McMahon was the Democratic clerk in the Third Precinct of the Ist Assembly District. He was charged with persenting the fraud early last Tucaday. Soon after the Registry Board met for duty that mersing a list of nine impos was presented to be registered from No. 294 Heniuspas was presented to be registered from No. 294 Heniuspas was presented to be registered from No. 294 Heniuspas was presented to be registered from No. 294 Heniuspassion that there is no such number as 294 and that the names reserted had no right on the registry list, he intermed United Sistes Commissioner Romains of the fact

and make the necessary affidavits to his statement. The warment was then placed in the hands of Deputy Marshal Melliugh to be accounted. More arrests will take place to-day, it is setd, after Judge Lippincott reviews the registry lists of the lot and VIIth Districts, against which pro-tests were filed yesterday.

MR. SCOTT HARD AT WORK.

SPEAKING EVERY EVENING.

ENTHUSIASTIC CROWDS GREET HIM IN HARLEM AND LISTEN TO HIS STRAIGHTFOR-

Republican raily and anti-Tammany meeting was held last night at Turn Hall in East One hundred-andtwenty-fourth-st.; near Third-avo. The large hall was filled with an enthusiastic crowd, many of whor obliged to stand. As the speakers entered they greeted with loud applause. Henry Grasse proas the government of the city under Mayor Grant has been characterised by fraud and a neglect of public duty, and as his re-election would endanger the city's

cuty, and as his re-election would endanger the city's best interests, it is the duty of all good citizens to assist in defeating him by voting for the fusion ticket. James W. Hawes was the first speaker. He said that the present fight is similar to the one made twenty years ago at the time of the Tweed exposure. When anization is banded together solely for personal interests it cannot be depended upon to work for the people's welfare. Tammany claims to be the friend of the workingman, but it is noticeable that the recent increases in the valuation of property for taxation pur-poses were made in poor men's districts. Tammany not dare to raise the valuation in districts inhabted by wealthy and influential people. N. D. Galagher told of an experience of his on a recent visit to the County Clerk's office, for the purpose of having corrections made in certain papers. He handed the apers in through a pigeon-hole to a gaudily dressed elerk, with the remark: "There are several inaccuracies in these papers that I would like to have you

correct." The clerk placed his yen behind his ear, stood up and putting his hands in his pockets, remarked: "The hell you would!"

Francis M. Scott entered the ball at a quarter to 9. He was greeted with a shout of applause, and it was some minutes before he could be heard. The crowd rose, gave three cheers and a "tiger" several times re ed and flung their hats in the air. Mr. Scott

"It always affords me a special sense of gratification to be received so heartly by Republicans. I look upon this enthusiastic support of yours as a most happy augury of the future of our city, with all classes banded together against this corrupt organization that has so long ruled us. I believe we will succeed; and our success will be a precedent that will act as a warning to holders of public office in the tuture. If the officeholders fear the people, we shall have a better government. Although Tammany de-clared its intention to disprove the charges made against it, it no longer attempts to stand before the people on its merits. The Tammany speakers are trying to bring about the success of their ticket by citing political prejudice. I believe you are not to be side-tracked from your purpose by any such pleas You know just what you want, and I feel that in another week you will have it."

Other speakers were William Johnston, jr., James B. Kilsheimer, Percy Adams, Donald McLean, John Proctor Clark, Henry C. Robinson and Maximilian G.

The Hamilton Republican Club had an enthusiastic meeting in front of the clubhouse, at One hundred-and-twenty-seventh-st. and Seventh-ave. The building and the street were illuminated with ianterns, a band of music played and great enthusiasm was shown. Colonel T. C. Campbell, the president of the club, presided, and made a strong speech in opening the meeting. He was followed by Sumner B. Stiles. James W. Hawes, Carson Lake, Joseph Colter, J. D. Hallen, Charles W. Dayton, Henry Altman, and Francis M. Scott. Mr. Scott, who was received with cheers, made a short speech. He said:

"I am glad to be with you to night and to see so many present. I can speak but a few moments on account of fatigue, due to the many speeches I have made, and also in consequence of other engagements. If I am elected in this campaign I can assure you that I shall devote myself to the interests of the city as a whole, and I shall take especial care to do all in my power to further the interests of this part of the metropolis. Your need of rapid transit I fully recognize and I am confident that all those things the city most needs can be brought about by the force of an honest, devoted public opinien. If we are successful—as I am sure we shall bo—we can redeem the city from the rule of a political faction, and I shall look for your patriotic support in this endeavor."

Three cheers were given for Mr. Scott as he closed his remarks. uilding and the street were illuminated with lanterns.

MR. CLINE HAS NOT DECLINED.

SILLY CHARGE BROUGHT AGAINST MARSHAL

JACOBUS. Judge Ingraham, in the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday handed down a decision refusing to grant a mandamus to compel the County Clerk to file a paper cially of the poorer classes, are pestilential nuisances to the inhabitants and a danger to the entire city; the num-district before. be the Republican candidate for Alderman in the IXth Assembly District. Cline declared that the paper was btained from him fraudulently, and he notified the County Clerk, before the paper was offered at the atter's office, not to accept it. The application for the writ was made by Charles A. Jackson in behalf of several members of the Republican Aldermanic Convention of the IXth District.

Cline's resignation was attested by United States Marshal J. W. Jacobus as notary. having taken an oath before Marshal Jacobus, it was hinted in Democratic circles that the Marshal had laid himself open to indictment for perjury. Mr. Jacobus, however, explained how the charge against him was entirely due to a misunderstanding. Mr. Jacobus said:

"I was at my club in my district when I was asked to attest the paper. They came to me because I happened to be the only notary they could think of who was in the neighborhood. The paper was laid on the was in the neighborhood. The paper was laid on the table before me partly open, and I asked Cline if he acknowledged signing it. He said he did. and I told him I was sorry that he was out of the race. I made affidavit on the paper that it had been signed by Cline. He says he never made an affidavit before me. Of course he didn't. I was the one who made the affidavit. He acknowledged the genulneness of his signature before ten or a dozen witnesses at the time and did so again before Clerk Scully."

HOW MR. FELLOWS LETS OFF OFFENDERS The difference between the views held by Mr. Scott the People's candidate for Mayor, and those of District-Attorney Fellows, as to the vigorous prosecufion of charges of attempted fraud against the city is illustrated by the proceedings in the case of Wallace W Wheeler, who was indicted for an attempt at grand larceny. Wheeler was an inspector on the Aqueduct. He was dismissed and, after a decision had been rendered by the Supreme Court declaring that velerans were entitled to preference in the public employment, Wheeler claimed to be a veteran and made application for back pay. In support of this he presented an nonorable discharge from a Connecticut Regiment of Volunteers, while on the centrary he had, it is alleged, been dismissed from the service of a New-York regi-ment for irregularities of conduct.

Mr. Scott, as Aqueduct Commissioner, took up the case, and had the case presented to the Grand Jury some time in the summer of 1888. Wheeler was subse quently arrested, but the case has never been moved for trial. Wheeler, it is said, has been laboring recently among politicians to secure the dismissal of the

indictment. The indictment was dismissed on Wednesday, on the notion of Assistant District-Attorney Bedford, who motion of assistant District-Atorney Redford, who wrote on the indictment. In obedience to the request of the District-Atiorney, "I have examined this case and believe that no conviction can be had, and I believe any judge would direct the jury to acquit, and I therefore ask that this indictment be dismissed."

LABOR MEN DENOUNCE GIBBS

Subordinate Association No. 1 of the Lithographers' International Protective and Insurance Association at its last meeting passed resolutions denounce ing Frederick S. Gibbs, candidate for Assembly in the XIIIth District. A mass-meeting will be held this evening in Cooper Union under the auspices of the Knights of Labor, in which the Central Labor Union, District Assembly No. 49 and District Assembly No. 49 and District Assembly No. 253 will participate. George E. Murray will preside, 263 will participate. George E. Murray will preside, and among the speakers will be T. V. Powderly, Geueral Master Workman of the Knights of Labor; James P. Archibald, Cornelius F. J. Doody, James E. Quinn and many other men prominent in the Knights of Labor. The object of the meeting is to condemn Edward J. Dunphy, Tammany candidate for Congress in the VIPth District, and John J. Gorman, Tammany candidate for Sheriff.

ORGANIZING TO WATCH THE POLLS. ORGANIZING TO WATCH THE POLLS.
A special meeting of the Bloomingdale Republican Club
was held inst night at No. 138 West One-hundred-andfourth-st. Robert S. Heliferts pusided, and various important details for election day wind arranged. John W.
Totten and Marshall W. Scriben were elected delegates
to the league of the Republican clubs in the XIXth Assembly District, which has been organized with a view to
dividing up this league district monor the various alphadividing up this large district among the various clubs

Why It is Difficult. What Its Bangers Are.

PUBLIC SPEAKING AS AN ART.

Sir Morrell Machensie, the imperial doctor and highest known authority on the Throat and Lungs, has just pub-lished a pamphlot in which he gives advice to public

"It is a greet mistake," he says, "to think that speak-ing requires no special training and exercise. Even in ordinary conversation, speaking is an art and a difficult one, the supreme development of which is eratory. A man who knows how to speak in public and to spare his voice, makes himself heard with little or no effort, while an

makes himself heard with little or no effort, while an untrained orator wears himself out quite randly."

We have all experienced the hourseness, due to too much speaking, but the hourseness which has its origin in a cough, cold or throat affection, or the loss of voice fright asthma, bronchitis or pulmenary trouble, is the most frequent and most annoying. In such cases Sir Morrell Mackenzie recommands the use of Soden Minaral Pastilles (troches). He says: "They are specially beneficial in catarrhal diseases of the air passages, which include Sore Throat, Coughs, Bronchitis and Lung troubles, and I have found them of great service in the case of singers and public speakers." public speakers."

The treatment of Throat and Lung diseases in Europe

The treatment of Throat and Long diseases in Europe has advanced far beyond anything known in America, and when the highest known European authority speaks in such decided tones in regard to these wonderful Soden Troches, it should be a valuable suggestion, not only to public speakers and singers, but to the vast army of sufferers from Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung diseases, which are an dangerous and so constantly fatal.

which are so dangerous and so constantly fatal.

Obtain the genuine imported article, which must have the infendeure and testimonial of Sir Morrell Mackenzie with each box. None other is genuine.

The Bloomingdale Club will have the section embra the XXXIVII. to the XLVIth election districts, and the names of more than thirty volunteers were taken last night who will act as workers and watchers at the polis night who will act as workers and watchers at the polis on Tuesday for the People's Municipal League. The house-to-house canvans of this district has already been nearly completed by members of the club. The People's Municipal League will have its local headquarters at No. 138 West One-hundred-and-fourth-st. on Tuesday, John J. Ritter, who spoke last night on the new 1 law, will be there all day to act as counsel if difficult

DENYING A CAMPAIGN LIE. NO EFFORT MADE TO FORCE RAILWAY EM-PLOYES TO VOTE FOR REPUBLICAN

CANDIDATES.

About election time experienced railroad men look for rumors of attempts of their roads to coerce employes into voting certain political tickets. Frequently the rumors implicate Republican railroad managers, for reason that they often are friends of the party of Protection, because of its freedom from demagogic control and its devotion to measures that benefit the people rich and poor alike. The desperate advocates of the election of Mr. Pattison as Governor of Pennsyl vania sent out statements on Wednesday night to the effect that the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad had ordered its employes to support Mr. Delamater, the Republican candidate.

Since the retirement of Austin Corbin from the presidency of the Reading there are no general officers of the company in New-York. Ex-Judge J. D. Campbell, general counsel of the Reading, happened to be in the city yesterday. He said to a Tribune re-porter that an emphatic denial could be made of any issuance of instructions, directly or indirectly, to Reading employes to vote for the Republican ticket in "No one would have authority to Pennsylvania. make such orders," said Mr. Campbell, "and I do not believe that any subordinate officer has dared to do believe that any subordinate officer has dared to do such a thing. The story may have grown out of the personal work of some of the officers who are Republican in politics, but the Reading Company wishes and intends that its employee shall vote as they see fit to do. Our president, Mr. McLeod, is Democratic in politics and the Philadelphia newspapers quote him as repudiating the allegations as to the State canvass and any attempt to influence it improperly."

GERMAN-AMERICAN DO TORS APPEAL. THEY ASK THEIR FELLOW-CITIZENS TO VOTE FOR THE LEAGUE'S CANDIDATES.

The following address has been sent out in behalf of the People's Municipal League:

The undersigned physicians are frequently hindered in their performance of the duties of citizenship by the many demands made on their time, capacity and endurance in the exercise of their profession. Among such duties must be reckened, above all, the participation at the ballot-box in deciding National, State and municipal questions, and in deciding National, State and uniterpart of the influence pos-sessed by the individual over his fellow-citizens. They, however, feel themselves obliged to forsake their con-servative position, and to remind their colleagues and German-American fellow-citizens of the necessity of particinating in the present election.

evils of our municipal government have become s manifest and threatening that their continuance is an impossibility to the entire population of New-York City. To the most forbearing the necessity for change is evident. Our streets are dirty and a menace to health; our sewers are inadequate and the source of epidemic diseases; many hundreds of dwellings, espe-

ber of public schools is insufficient and a part of those caisting unhealthy; our police is not always the best, or, even approximately, ample protection, and our judges ocasionally hold their positions because they were the mot decided political sycophants and partisans.

All these evils and dangers are the result of the practice which has crept in on us of confounding municipal and National or State affairs. It has been forgotten that the nunicipal government and National issues have nothing in common, and that the safety of society on the streets, the healthfulness of the dwellings, and management of hospitals the education of youth, the appointment ment of hospitals, the education of youth, the appointment to vacancies in the Board of Health, and the abilities and uprightness of the judge, are not synonymous with the

question whether Democrat or Republican.

It has come about that a judge, a school principal, cashier, a street commissioner, is not appointed because his abilities and knowledge of the work, but because he has voted for a President or Governor, or because he, or possibly only an influential friend, in the party meetings developed the loudest voice and most violent gesticulations.

Under these circumstances the People's Municipal
Leggue deserves great credit for having commended to the people of New-York for election to the city offices becoming vacant, a list of candidates selected for their personal qualifications and abilities, without regard to their political stillations. Several party organizations have already sub-mitted to the inevitable, and renouncing straight party nominations, have indorsed the candidates who will assuredly govern the city in the interests of the city, without secondary aims and political motives. And our German-American citizens who give preference to an honest city government, freed from all party passions, as against the squandering of the revenues, the dirty streets and pes-tlential sewers, inadequate and unhealthy schools and dwellings, have it in their power to end the mismanage-ment and domination of political bosses by the election of the candidates of the People's Municipal League.

the candidates of the People's Municipal League.

Dr. A. Jacobi, Dr. F. Kummerer, Dr. J. Schmitt, Dr. C. Am. Ende, Dr. F. Krug, Dr. A. H. Skiebeling, Dr. H. J. Baldt, Dr. H. G. Riotz, Dr. A. Selbert, Dr. Breitenfeld, Dr. H. K. Riotz, Dr. A. Selbert, Dr. Breitenfeld, Dr. H. Knapp, Dr. J. Stinrock, Dr. W. M. Balser, Dr. G. Langmann, Dr. E. Schottley, Dr. W. M. Balser, Dr. Dr. Lewinthal, Dr. A. Seesed, Dr. A. F. Buchler, Dr. S. M. Landsmar Dr. G. Scholer, Dr. F. Eliz Conn, Dr. Morris Manges, Dr. F. Serr, Dr. F. Eliz Conn, Dr. Mayer, Dr. F. E. D'Oench, Dr. A. Rupp, Dr. A. Steinsch, Dr. L. Flischer, Dr. M. Mayer, Dr. F. E. Sondern, Dr. A. H. Fridenberg Dr. J. B. Manch, Dr. F. E. Sondern, Dr. G. Gruening, Dr. R. W. Muller, Dr. F. E. Sondern, Dr. W. G. Gruening, Dr. R. W. Muller, Dr. F. T. Tyther, Dr. J. H. Garrigues Dr. F. Piciffer, Dr. A. Tyther, Dr. J. H. Garrigues Dr. F. Piciffer, Dr. A. Velker-berg, Dr. J. H. Garrigues Dr. F. Piciffer, Dr. L. Weber, Dr. J. W. Macok, Dr. J. R. Rudisch, Dr. J. G. W. Meter, Dr. J. G. Weber, Dr. S. Kohn, Dr. M. G. Roche, Dr. Adolph Zeh, Dr. H. Krallpfeiffer, Dr. C. Roth,

PEST-HOLES UNDER TAMMANY'S PROTECTION. W. H. A. Moore, vice-president of the Young Colored Men's Republican Club, lectured last night in Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church, at Bleecker and Tenth sts., on "Afro-Americans and Tammanv Traps."
After describing briefly and as vividly as the subject would permit, the numerous dens, brothels, "dives" and gambling places in the district comprising portions of Bleecker, Sullivan, Thompson and McDougall sts. the speaker said that the club had taken it upon them solves to awaken public interest and to enlist the services of mothers and sisters as well as fathers and brothers, in an attempt to weed out these places, many of which were owned by Tammany Hall men, and none of which would be allowed to exist except under a Tammany city government. These places were the cause of untold vice and misery among the young colored people of both sexes in this district, and their extermination could only be brought about by electing anti-Tammany city officials. The lecture will be re-peated on sunday, at the Methodist Colored Church, at Eighty-fifth-st. and Second-ave.

WOMEN WHO ARE OPPOSED TO TAMMANY The women of the Rev. Dr. Heber Newton's church ar-

distributing the following circular to yoters:

The ministers of religion have been tring hard to get better government in our city. They gant a better city government for your sake. They want your streets kept clean, your houses taken care of, room made in the public schools for your children, a chance for you to get justice justice police courts, and many other good things which you ought to have.

Do you want those things!
Then vote against Tammany. Tammany is the poor man's enemy.

Yote the ticket of the People's Municipal League.
Get your friends to promise to vote this ticket.

Vote early on election day. See that your friends vote, and vote carly.

If you want to be sure that you know how to vote under the new law, come to cither of our Sunday-school rooms, any evening this week, Madison-eye, and Sixty-sixth-et., or Broadway, below Fifty-cighth-st., cast side, first door. listributing the following circular to voters:

ILLINOIS POLITICS.

HITTER FIGHT AGAINST CANNON.

VAIN TRICKS OF THE GREAT BOODLE AND BOURBON COMBINATION.

Danville, Ill., Oct. 30 (Special).-The last week of Congressman Cannon's remarkable canvass for re-election is closing with some surprises and new f atures. Down in Coles and Edgar Counties, at the southern end of the tier of five counties constituting this XVth District, are a considerable number of lodges of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association. Until now this organization has wisely held aloof from political action devoted their attention to educational and social offects. This week, however, attempts have bee by designing Bourbons to throw the influence of the association against Cannon and in favor of Busey, the Democratic boodle candidate. How far attempts will succeed can only be positively after election day, but the chances are that the Bourbon trap-setters in this as in all their previous

plots will be outgeneralled. A series of "demands" has been drawn up by the Coles County Assembly of the F. M. B. A., addres the nominees of all parties for Congress and for the State Legislature. These "demands" cover the Signal Service, prohibition of the liquor traffic, the tariff, free coinage of silver, trusts and monopolies, the traffic in futures in agricultural products, ballot reform, and the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, together with a brace of matters State policy. To those is coupled the threat that no candidate will be supported unless he pledges himself to indorse and advocate the "demands." Many of these sitions are unobjectionable, but some of then re extravagant in the extreme.

Banker Busey, who happens to be possessed of low order of "smart-Aleck" cunning, has resorted to the usual Democratic trick of seeming to indorse everything in a general way, without betraying his ignoran of the subject matter or committing himself in specific details. It is doubtful if he understands onlything whatever of the principles of legislation involved in the "demands," but that has not deterred him from giving them his apparent approval. Congressma Cannon, on the other hand, has come out firmly and squarely on each proposition, approving some and disapproving others, clearly setting forth his reasons from the standpoint of sound Republican policy. His frank declarations will open the eyes of such Repub-lican farmers as have hitherto been misguided by the designing Bourbon politicians within their ranks and will win him friends everywhere for his candor and courage as contrasted with Banker Busey's pusilianinous pretences.

school law of Illinois has also been injected into the Congressional canvass by the Democratic leaders although the subject has reference solely to State legislation. They are endeavoring to accomplish the repeal of the law and striving to make it appear that Republican success this year means the abolition of what similar to that of the Wisconsin Democrats, aided by the incurable Mills, of Texas, and is intended to draw off Lutheran and Roman Catholic votes from the Republican legislative tickets, and by sympathy from the Congressional tickets. It is not clear what the exact effect will be, but the Republican lead ers feel confident that the Bourbon effort will be vain and that the inevitable reaction against the attempted deception will strengthen the Republican column, inasmuch as thoughtful Democrats and Republicans alike are rallying gallantly to the defence of "the little red school-house." The fact is that the Bourbons have lost their grin

and are dreadfully hard pressed at every point. They adopt a line of pelicy one week only to drop it the next, and assume new ground equally untenable Each succesive attempt to inject something new into the campaign has met with the same result; their pretences are unmasked, and then they are forced to make still another shift. Their antics are pitiable. Such a campaign, of course, would be suicidal for the Republicans, but it is the sort of fight the Democrats have always made hereabouts. Two or three additional acrobatic exploits may be confidently expected between

now and next Fuesday.

Major McKinley, who was billed for one speech in the district, has found it impossible, notwithstanding his earnest efforts, to get away from his own district his earnest efforts, to get away from his own district for the three days necessary to come out here and speak and return. But the party spirit here is already nearing its high-water mark, and Republicans believe the situation is safe, anyway. The work of speaker Reed, Senator Cullom, Governor Fifer, ex. Governor Oglesby, Congressmen Cheadle and Hopkins, and hosts of other speakers, added to Congressman Cannon's own masvelious' activity, has shaped up the party lines as veilious' activity, has shaped up the party lines as straight as possible, and but little remains to be done. The only fear among the Republicans is of the possible success of Banker Busey's boodle and that of the National Democratic Congressional Committee Democratic boodle in big chunks is planted in every election precinct of the district. Even the most sanguine of the local Democrats have lost faith in the "issues" they formerly banked on, and in the still-hunt which they fondly continue to pursue, and are settling back upon boodle, simply boodle, as their only salvation. The outcome will be awaited by the country with suspense, for such an unholy experiment was never tried in this district before.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS DISCOURAGED.

Indianapolis, Oct. 30 (special),-Indiana Democrats are discouraged and in tad humor. Chairman Jewett complains bitterly of the fallure of the Congressional Committee at Washington to give him proper aid. He said in an interview to-day that the committee had done nothing but discredit the party in Indiana; it had sent no money and no tariff literature into the State, and had discouraged the party workers by pub-licly announcing that the Democrats would probably lose three Congressmen in Indiana. On this subject Chairman Jewett said:

"It is true that in 1888 we elected three Congress men by a scratch, and there will be nothing to be surprised over whichever party wins in those districts

It is expected that there will be no end of trouble over the Ballot law in Indiana when it is first tried, on next Tuesday. It is estimated that not more than 10 per cent of the voting population understand the required forms of voting, and there is general dissatisfaction over some of the provisions, particularly among manufacturers and workingmen, who regard as an imposition the requirement that work shall be suspended on election day for four hours. Railway super-intendents say that it will cause a general blockado of traffic. Many of the employes say that they will not obey the law, and to-day petitions were put in circulation in some of the large establishments in this city for signatures by employes, asking permission to continue at work as usual on election day.

MAJOR McKINLEY IN WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO. Canton, Ohio, Oct. 30 (Special).—Major McKinley continued his canvass in the southern and southwestern part of Wayne County this afternoon and evening, ending his journey at shreve, a station some distance west of Wooster, on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad. There are many more Republicans in Wayne than in Holmes County, and the meetings to-day were much larger and more animated than have been those of the last three days in Democratic strongholds. Wayne County is, in fact, stirred to the strongholds. Wayne County is, in fact, stirred to the depths with politics this year, and will poll one of the largest votes in its history. Major McKinley's friends look for a decided gain there, as a most active and mergetic canvass has been maintained for the last month by Representative Smyser, the chairman of the District Committee, whose home is in Wooster. normal Democratic majority is over 700, but it may be reduced next week to something like 150 or 200. Major McKinley will return to Canton to-morrow, and will spend most of the time from now until Tuesday in his home county of Stark.

GOVERNOR CAMPBELL ON THE STUMP. Findlay, Ohio, Oct. 30 (Special).-Governor Campbell cas brought to Findlay to-day by the Democrats, to counteract, if possible, the effect of Senator Sherman's great speech, delivered here night before last; but the object sought was not reached, for the reason that the expected crowd did not materialize, and the major part of those the Governor faced when he began his address were old soldiers in the Democratic army, who did not need any argument to keep them from following the banner of Protection. The Governor spoke for nearly two hours, following pretty closely the lines of the speech he delivered at Canton, where he opened the campaign. It was expected that the speaker would touch upon the late extraordinary session of the Gen-eral Assembly, but he uttered not a syllable upon this subject. After Campbell finished D. D. Hare, the opponent of ex-Governor Foster for a seat in Con-press, made a few remarks.

REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS OPPOSED Belvidere, N. J., Oct. 30.-Application was mad belyidere, N. J., tota 30.—Application was made before the court to-day to strike from the registry of voters of Hackettstown the names of all the seminary students, on the ground that they were not residents of the county when registered. The case residents on the stention, being the first one brought under the Werts act. Able counsel are engaged on both sides. The court is to decide our Friday.

ACTUS BLOOD

rentedd pyrely vegetable. all blood affectloss and skin discusse produced by impure blood.

This certifies that my child, 19 months old, was afflicted with a very bad axin disease of the face, eve and inside of the nec. The face was covered with mathrating sores and his eyes were swollen shut on account of the sores on the cyclide, and his nose was discharging matter and was full inside of the sores. I gave him the Cactus Ricod Cure for four weeks, and to-day my baby is entirgly well.

Mrs. J. KENNY, 145 East 1208-61, N. T.

KING'S EVIL.

If you have Diseases of Skin, Ulcorated or Swellen Glands, Abscesses or Sore Leg. Carbuncles or Boils. Hip Disease, White Swelling, King's Evil, Sore Eyes of Scrofulous origin, Kidney and Liver Disease, Headache and Neuralgia, Bowel or Stomach Trouble,

THE CACTUS BLOOD CURE WILL CURE YOU.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid to any part of the U. S. on receipt of price. Small Bottle, \$1. Large Bettle, \$2.

OFFICE, No. 6 WALL STREET, NEW-YORK. ALVA'S BRAZILIAN SPECIFIC CO.,

the test cases, in which the Republicans claim that persons having their poil taxes paid by the Democratic City Committee are not entitled to vote.

C. R. BRECKINRIDGE'S ONLY HOPE. CROOKED METHODS AND THE CORRUPTION OF COLORED VOTERS RELIED ON TO SAVE HIM.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Oct. 30 (Special).-General Powell Clayton, who has been canvassing the IIId Arkansas Congressional District in the interest of Isom P. Langley, arrived in this city this morning completely prostrated from the effects of his exertions in the ampaign. In an interview General Clayton said "Whereever I was, Republicans and Union Labor me were enthusiastic. The Democrats use every in-ducement to make a break in our lines. In such instances they have by corrupt means secured local eaders who heretofore acted with the Republic ses are wide-awake, and in all party; but th. . as I know, their following has re and they will not be able to deliver the pr. . It is an open secret that the Democracy expects by offers of increased wages on left those loc election day to keep such colored voters as canno be controlled at the polls in the cotton-fields, and such as can be controlled at the polls by the use of money. of course, will be brought out. As far as my informa tion goes, I have never seen a greater degree of dete mination on the part of the colored do their duty at this election and I feel safe that

those corrupt methods will not bring about the result the Democracy is expecting. Of course, we will lose some votes in this way and by other practices with which the Democracy is familiar, but our margiis so great and our people are so vigilant as to warrant me in saying that in spite of all the devilty me in saying that in spite of all the devility the Democrats may be concecting we shall elect Langley by a handsome majority. One of the most healthy signs is the largely increased vote we shall have from the white counties. For instance, in the county of White, which gave Breckinridge two years ago a majority of 1.300 we have now a clear majority for Langley. The only hope the Democracy has is based on crooked methods and the corruption of the colored voters. GOOD REASONS FOR QUITTING DEMOCRACY.

Wabash, Ind. Oct. 30 (Special).—The Democrats of this, the Xith Congressional District, were thrown into confusion by the action of B. F. Ibach, of Huntington, who for two terms has represented Huntington County in the State Legislature and has always been one the bitterest Democratic partisans in the district. He has not only left the ranks of that party, but has openly and most vigorously avowed his intention of both voting for and working for the Republica nominees now and hereafter, and is even now out doing vallant campaign work. He is well known at over the State and his course has wrought consternation in the ranks of his former party. Mr. Ibacn has given to the press some of the reasons for his change of base. He is displeased with the record of the Democratic He is displeased with the record of the Democratic Senators from Indiana, and with that of Representative Martin on the criginal package question, on reciprocity in foreign trade and the Silver bill. He is at odds with the Democratic party in its opposition to compulsory education and its hostility to the restriction of the liquor traffic and to liberal pension measures. The defection of Mr. Ibach and other Democrats in this district will, it is believed result in the election of Colonel Briant, the Republican candidate.

MR. LEXOW'S STIRRING CANVASS. Haverstraw, Oct. 30 (Special).—Political excitement running up to fever heat in the XVth Congressional District. A largely attended and enthusiastic Repub lican mass-meeting was held at Warwick, Orange County, on Monday night, and other mass-meetings will be held in various parts of the district on each night between now and election day. Mr. Lexow, the Republican candidate for Congress, having completed his canvass in Orange and Sullivan Counties, is now devoting his attention to Rockland County. Last night a large and enthusiastic meeting was held here, at which General Ira M. Hodges presided, and which was addressed by Charles A. L. Goldey and Mr. Lexow, whose forcible speech created great enthusiasm. On Saturday night Mr. Lexow will address meetings at Munroe, Orange County, and at Sufferns, in the Ramapo Valley. On Monday night the final mass-meeting of the campaign will be held at Nyack, the home of the candidate, and will be addressed by him in conjunction with F. X. Schoonmaker. C. C. Shayne will speak at Sufferns, and Major Z. K. Panghorn will speak at Munroe. Mr. Lexow, having the advantage of his opponents in that he is an excellent and forcible speaker, will have little difficulty in marshalling his friends, irrespective of party, to his support. All signs point to the triumphant election of the Republican candidate. Public sentiment election of the Republican candidate.

Public sentiment is setting strongly in his favor, both Republicans and Democrats realizing the importance of being represented by one who will be a credit to the district and who can ship voice the district's requirements and sentiments in Congress.

AIDING THEIR RESPECTIVE PARTIES.

Washington, Oct. 30.-A well-known Republican, not now in office, but prominently connected with the Congressional Campaign Committee, lias received from Theo-dore Roosevelt, Civil Service Commissioner, a contribution of \$50 to be used for the legitimate campaign expenses in any Congressional district where it is needed. Ex-Governor Hugh Thompson, also a member of the Commission, has sent in a contribution in aid of

the Democratic cause.
In conversation to-day Mr. Roosevelt said: "The clerks are as much at liberty to contribute to one party as to another; and they are perfectly safe and free to make no contribution, if they so prefer. Within the classified service the employes are under obligation to no party. Governor Thompson is a Democrat, serving under this Administration; he makes a contribution to aid his party. I am a Republican; I aid mine. If we aid not want to contribute, we would not. If there are political clubs of which Government employes are members, there is no reason why they should not be Democratic as well as Republican. But any of them will be prosecuted if we have evidence of their trying to force contributions by intimidation."

REPUBLICAN SPEAKERS AT FORT PLAIN. Amsterdam, N. Y., Oct. 30 (Special).-A large Republican mass meeting was held in the Fort Plain Opera House to-night. The speakers were Congressmen John Sanford, of this city, and F. X. Schoon maker, of New-Jersey, and they were accorded a warm recoption. Their speeches on the McKinley Tariff bill were heartily applauded. The John Sanford Glee Club of Amsterdam and the Fort Plain band furnished music. The meeting was attended by many representative Republicans of the west end of Montgomery County, who are allive to the issues of the hour. To morrow night Mr. Sanford, Mr. Schoonmaker and Judge Weed will speak at Waterford and Saturday

POLITICIANS FIGHTING IN NORTH CAROLINA. Charlotte, Oct. 30 (Special).-There was a big row at a political meeting at Dyartsville yesterday in Mo-Dowell County, at which the county candidate spoke. Captain J. C. Mills, a well-known Democratic campuign coaker, of Burke County, it seems, was on hand and

POLL TAX CASES TO BE TRIED AFTER ELECTION.

Lawrence, Mass., Oct. 30.—In the poll-tax cases in court to day the defence claimed that the action was a political measure and asked for a continuance until after election, which was granted. These are

wanted to ask P. R. McCaD, the Republican candidate for the Legislature, some questions. McCall refused to answer and this brought on the row. For a while excitement ran high and it looked as if a riot was in-evitable. Captain Mills was badly used up. It is feared that he will die.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Pittsburg, Oct. 30.-A dispatch from Ebensburg Penn., says: "Edward Scull was nominated for Congress here this morning at 1 o'clock by the Republican Congressional Conference of the XXth District.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ABOUT FOTING. HOW TO FILL UP BLANK BALLOTS.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: I write to ask whether, in using the " Municipal League' ticket-which I understand will be blank after the names of the city officials—I can fill up the space on that ticket with the names, written either in lak or with a pencil, of such persons as I am entitled to vote for in that district!

New-York, Oct. 27, 1890. AARON G. CRANE.

(Every ballot will bear the names of all the offices to be filled at the election. Every voter should carefully inspect his ticket and fill up the blanks under the names of the offices for which ne nominations have been made by the party whom ticket he prefers, by willing or pasting on the ballot under the name of each of those offices the name of any person for whom he desires to vote, The names of the candidates of the Municipal League will also appear on the Republican ticket, which contains the names of cendidates for all the offices.-Ed.)

YOUR FATHER WAS NOT NATURALIZED IN TIME To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: Will you kindly inform me whether I am en

titled to vote! I am twenty-two years of age. I was born in Germany and came to this country when three years of age. My gather applied for "first papers" three years ago, but he did not become naturalized until this October. I registered, but have since been informed that I have been disqualitied on not having naturalization papers. Shall I swear by my vote?

New York Oct 200 1800 New-York, Oct. 30, 1890.

(You are not entitled to vote. If your father had been naturalized before you were of age you need not have taken out natura zation papers of your own. As he did not, you should have been naturalized before the last day of registration -Ed.)

HOW TO SUBSTITUTE NAMES ON THE TICKER Sir: In preparing your ballot in the booth when voting, do you strike off all the names you do not wish to vote for and put a cross to the right of all those you do f New-York, Oct. 20, 1890.

(No. The system of which you write is not that adopted in this State. You have a choice of a number of tickets and may vote any one of them. You may erase the name of any candidate on the ticket which you vote and may substitute any other name by writing or pasting it on the ticket.

A SCHOONER'S CREW IN PERIL.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 30.—Between 8 and 10 o'clock last night a whirlwind from the northwest struck Narragansett Bay off Cowesett. It was accompanied by a heavy rain, and for some minutes made things hustle. The schooner Maggie Cummings, in command of Captain Murch, which arrived here a few. days ago from New-York with a cargo of corn, had discharged and was sailing down the bay under full canvas. About 8 p. m., off Cowesett Bay, in abou fifteen feet of water, the whirlwind struck the schooner and she turned side up. The vessel was light and could not sink. The crew narrowly escaped drowning. Mrs. Murch, the wife of the captain, was thrown into the water, but was rescued.

VICTIMS OF A RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 30.-The body of the first man killed in the railroad accident last night on the Worcester division of the New-York, Providence and Boston Railroad, has been identified as that of David McDermott, of Pawtucket, an employe of the Providen Tool Company, who had been working overtime. The second victim was Edward Harris, an employe of the Dexter Lyme Rock Company, and a clerk of Agent N. G. Peabody, of the same company. Baggagemaster Bennett was still alive at an early hour this morning. Miss Lizzie Goff, of No. 119 Main-st., Pawtucket, had several ribs broken and Miss Minnie McCoy, who was sitting in the same seat, had her ear cut.

A COAL TRAIN CRASHES THROUGH A HOTEL. Huntington, Penn., Oct. 30.-Through a misplace switch a loaded coal train of thirty-six cars was thrown this morning through the Hotel Brunswick, and landed in the yards of the Girard House and Jackson House, 200 fer eastward. The guests in the hotels rushed pell mell into the street in their night clothes. The loss to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's rolling stock is \$25,000.

BURIAL OF MRS. JANE CLEMENS. Keokuk, Iowa, Oct. 30 (Special).—The last sad rites over the body of Mrs. Jane Clemens were performed at Hannibal this afternoon. The body was taken to that

city from here this morning. The body was deposi-in the family grounds in Mt. Olivet Cemetery. Sam L. Clomens was among the mourners present. AN EXCURSION STEAMER SINKS. Fall River, Mass., Oct. 30.-The excursion stead Ray Point, during the high tide, was lifted from her ways, listed and sunk.

REPORTS ON CITY MISSION WORK.

The Protestant Episcopal City Missionary Society held a risiness meeting last night at Trinity Chapel school-room. The Protestant Episcopal City Missionary Society held a business meeting last night at Trinity Chapel school-room, in Twenty-fifth-st. There were present Archdeston Mackay-Smith, the Rev. Drs. Morgan Dix. D. Parker Morgan, Arthur-Brooks, and Mears. James Pott, C. P. Bull, T. R. Shear, G. R. Shiefelin, T. K. Gibbs, and the Rev. Mears. B. Morgan, J. G. Pawcett, G. D. Sparks and Mackar, G. R. Shiefelin, T. K. Gibbs, and the Rev. Mears. B. Morgan, J. G. Pawcett, G. D. Sparks and Mackar, G. R. Shiefelin, T. K. Gibbs, and the Rev. Mears. B. Morgan, J. G. Pawcett, G. D. Sparks and Mackar, G. C. Tiffany, R. S. Holt, J. Pott and J. Davenport; David Charles Leach was substituted for W. R. Monroe, resigned. J. H. Boynton, treasurer, submitted his report. The recipts of the year aggregated \$42.319 61, of which sum 20,040 10 came from the collections from the various Episcopal churches of the city, \$5,407 40 was the tassens from property already invested, and \$16,372 11 from laftividual giffs. Of this sum \$9,097 80 was expended for he St. Barnabas Home for Fallen Women, \$13,82 on the public reading room in Bloccker-st., \$1,033 54 for Sa. Amprice Chaptel, the only regular Episcopal Church in the Mighth Ward, \$1,127 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the day of the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the day of the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the day of the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the day of the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the day of the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the day of the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property of \$1,272 82 on the "fresh-air" trips for the property teresting report.